# DIAGNOSIS SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

EG1G9-03

The ECM contains a built–in self diagnosis system by which troubles with the engine signal network are detected and a malfunction indicator lamp on the combination meter lights up. By analyzing various signals as shown in the later table (See pages EG2–176 and 177) the ECM detects system malfunctions relating to the sensors of actuator. The self–diagnosis system has two modes, a normal mode and a test mode.

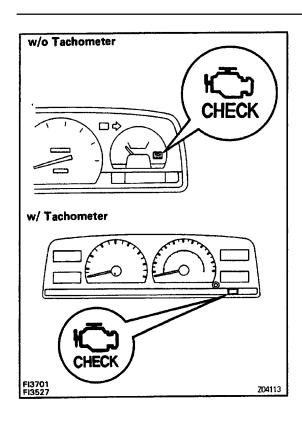
If a malfunction is detected when in the normal mode, the ECM lights up the malfunction indicator lamp to inform the driver of the occurrence of a malfunction. (For some codes the light does not come on.) The light goes off automatically when the malfunction has been repaired. But the diagnostic trouble code(s) remains stored in the ECM memory (except for code Nos. 43, 51 and 53). The ECM stores the code(s) until it is cleared by removing the EFI fuse with the ignition switch off.

The diagnostic trouble code(s) can be read by the number of blinks of the malfunction indicator lamp when TE1 and E1 terminals on the DLC1 are connected. When 2 or more codes are indicated, the lowest number (code) will appear first.

If a malfunction is detected when in the test mode, the ECM lights up the malfunction indicator lamp to inform the technician of the occurrence of a malfunction (except for code Nos. 42, 43 and 51). In this case, TE2 and E1 terminals on the DLC1 should be connected as shown later. (See page EG2–173)

In the test mode, even if the malfunction is corrected, the malfunction code is stored in the ECM memory even when the ignition switch is off (except code Nos. 42, 43, 51 and 53). This also applies in the normal mode. The diagnostic mode (normal or test) and the output of the malfunction indicator lamp can be selected by connecting the TE 1, TE2 and E 1 terminals on the DLC1, as shown later.

A test mode function has been added to the functions of the self –diagnosis system of the normal mode for the purpose of detecting malfunctions such as poor contacts, which are difficult to detect in the normal mode. This function fills up the self diagnosis system. The test mode can be implemented if technicians follow the procedure described later. (See page EG2–173).



#### MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP CHECK

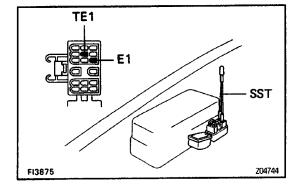
- The malfunction indicator lamp will come on when the ignition switch is placed at ON and the engine is not running.
- 2. When the engine is started, the malfunction indicator lamp should go off.

If the light remains on, the diagnosis system has detected a malfunction or abnormality in the system.

# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODES OUTPUT (Normal mode)

To obtain an output of diagnostic trouble codes, proceed as follows:

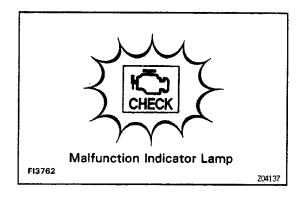
- 1. Initial conditions
- (a) Battery voltage above 11 volts or more.
- (b) Throttle valve fully closed (throttle position sensor IDL points closed).
- (c) Transmission in neutral position.
- (d) Accessories switched OFF.
- (e) Engine at normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn the ignition switch ON. Do not start the engine.



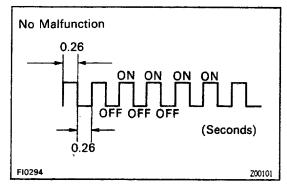
Using SST, connect terminals TE1 and E1 of the DLC
 1.

SST 09843-18020

HINT: The DLC1 is located near the No.2 relay block.

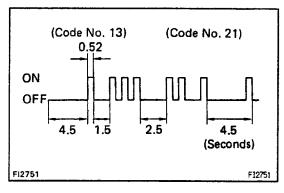


 Read the diagnostic trouble code as indicated by the number of flashes of the malfunction indicator lamp. Diagnostic trouble code (See pages EG2–176 and 177)



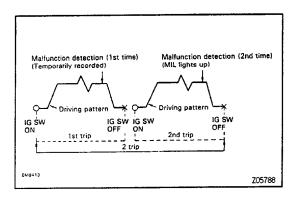
(a) Normal System Operation (no malfunction)

 The light will alternately blink ON and OFF at 0.26 seconds intervals.



- (b) Malfunction Code Indication
- The light will blink a number of times equal to the malfunction code with pauses as follows:
- 1. Between the first digit and second digit, 1.5 seconds.
- 2. Between code and code 2.5 seconds.
- Between all malfunction codes 4.5 seconds.
   The diagnostic trouble code series will be repeated as long as the DLC1 terminals TE1 and E1 are connected.

HINT: In the event of a number of trouble codes, indication will begin from the smallest value and continue to the largest in order.



(c) (2 trip detection logic)

The diagnostic trouble codes 21, 25, 26 and 71 are used "2 trip detection logic" is used. With this logic, when a logic malfunction is first detected, the malfunction is temporarily stored in the ECM memory. If the same case is detected again during the second drive test, this second detection causes the malfunction indicator lamp to light up.

The 2 trip repeats the same mode a 2nd time. (However, the IG SW must be turned OFF between the 1 st time and 2nd time).

5. After the diagnosis check, remove SST. SST 09843–18020

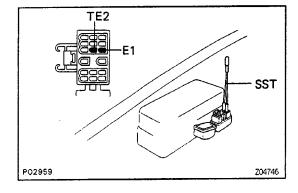
#### (Test mode)

#### HINT:

- Compared to the normal mode, the test mode has high sensing ability to detect malfunctions.
- It can also detect malfunctions in the starter signal circuit, air conditioning signal and park/ neutral position switch signal.
- Furthermore, the same diagnostic items which are detected in the normal mode can also be detected in test mode.

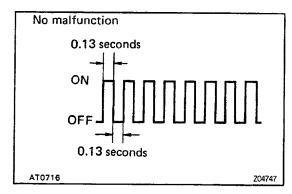
To obtain an output of diagnostic trouble codes, proceed as follows:

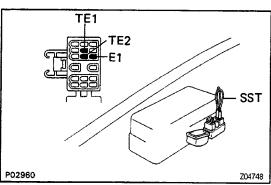
- 1. Initial conditions
- (a) Battery voltage 11 volts or more
- (b) Transmission in neutral position
- (c) Accessories switched OFF
- (d) Engine at normal operating temperature



 First using SST, connect terminals TE2 and El of the DLC1, then turn the ignition switch on to begin the diagnosis in the test mode. :

SST 09843 -18020





HINT: To confirm that the test mode is operating, check that the malfunction indicator lamp flashes when the ignition switch is turned ON.

- 3. Start the engine and drive the vehicle at a speed of 10 km/h or higher.
- 4. Simulate the conditions of the malfunction described by the customer.

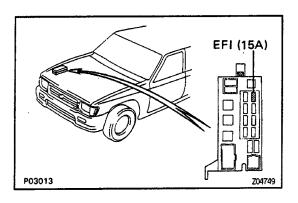
5. Connect terminals TE1 and E1 of the DLC1. SST 09843–18020

- Read the diagnostic trouble code as indicated by the number of flashes of the malfunction indicator lamp. (See pages EG2–176 and 177)
- 7. After the diagnosis check, remove SST. SST 09843–18020

#### HINT:

- The test mode will not start if terminals TE2 and Ell are connected after the ignition switch is turned on.
- The starter signal and vehicle speed signal will be diagnosed by the ECM as malfunctions, and code Nos. 42 and 43 will be output, if the operation in step 3 is not performed.
- When the automatic transmission shift lever is in the "D", "2", "L" or "R" shift position, or when the air conditioning is on or when the accelerator pedal is depressed, code "51" (Switch condition signal) is output, but this is not abnormal.





## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CANCELLATION

1. After repairing the trouble, the diagnostic trouble code retained in memory by the ECM must be canceled out by removing the EFI fuse (15A) for 30

seconds or more, depending on ambient temperature (the lower the temperature, the longer the fuse must be left out) with the ignition switch off.

#### HINT:

- Cancellation can also be done by removing the battery negative (–) terminal, but in this case other memory systems (radio ETR, clock etc.) will also be canceled out.
- If the diagnostic trouble code is not canceled out, it will be retained by the ECM and appear along with a new code in the event of future trouble.
- If it is necessary to work on engine components requiring removal of the battery terminal, a check must first be made to see if a diagnostic trouble code has been recorded.
- 2. After cancellation, perform road test of the vehicle to check that a normal code is now read on the mal–function indicator lamp.

If the same diagnostic trouble code appears, it indicates that the trouble area has not been repaired thoroughly.

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#### **DIAGNOSIS INDICATION**

- 1. When 2 or more codes are indicated, the lowest number (code) will appear first.
- All detected diagnostic trouble codes, except for code No.51 and No.53 will be retained in memory by the ECM from the time of detection until canceled out.
- Once the malfunction is cleared, the malfunction in dicator lamp on the combination meter will go oft but the diagnostic trouble code(s) remain stored in ECM memory (except for code Nos.16, 43, 51 and 53).

#### **DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODES**

HINT:

- If a malfunction is detected during the diagnostic trouble code check, refer to the circuit indicated in the table, and turn to the corresponding page.
- Your readings may vary from the parameters listed in the table, depending on the instruments used.

Code No.	Number of blinks Malfunction Indicator Lamp	System	Indi Lan Norn	ction		Trouble Area	∗2 Memory	See Page
-		Normal	-	-	Output when no other code is recorded.		-	-
12	F11606	RPM Signal	ON	N.A.	No G or NE signal –is input to the ECM for 2 secs. or more after STA turns 4N.	Open or short in NE, G circuit     Distributor     Open or short in STA circuit     ECM	0	EG2-1
13	F11607	RPM Signal	ON	ON	NE signal is not input to ECM for 0.1 sec. or more when engine speed is 1,000 rpm or more.	Open or short in NE circuit     Distributor     ECM	0	IG-1 6
14	F11608	Ignition Signal	ON	N.A	IGF signal from igniter is not input to ECM for 6 consecutive ignition.	Open or short in IGF or IGT circuit from igniter to ECM     Igniter     ECM.	0	EG2-19
16	F13600	A/T Control Signal	ON	N.A	Normal signal is not output from ECM CPU.	• ECM	х	_
21		Heated Oxygen Sensor Signal	ON	N.A. *7	of heated oxygen sensor signal (OX) is reduced to between 0.35 – 0.70 V continuously for 60 secs. or more.	Open or short in heater circuit of heated oxygen sensor     Heated oxygen sensor heater     ECM     Open or short in heated oxyger sensor circuit     Heated oxygen sensor	0	EG2-19
22	FI1609	Engine Coolant Temp. Sensor Signal	ON	ON	*6 (2 trip detection logic) (2)  Open or short in engine coolant temp. sensor circuit for 0.5 sec. or more. (THW)	ECM     Open or short in engine coolant temp. sensor circuit     Engine coolant temp. sensor     ECM	0	EG2-19
24	F11611	Intake Air Temp. Sensor Signal	*3 ON	ON	Open or short in intake air temp. sensor circuit for 0.5 sec. or more. (THA)	<ul> <li>Open or short in intake air temp circuit         <ul> <li>Intake air temp. sensor</li> </ul> </li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>	i i	EG2-19
25		Air–Fuel Ratio Lean Mal– function	ON	ON	(1) Heated oxygen sensor output is less than 0.45 V for at least 90 sacs. when heated oxygen sensor is warmed up (racing at 2.000 rpm) and drive at 50 – 100 km/h	<ul> <li>Engine ground bolt loose</li> <li>Open in E1 circuit</li> <li>Open in injector circuit</li> <li>Fuel line pressure (Injector blockage, etc.)</li> <li>Open or short in heated oxygen sensor circuit</li> <li>Heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>Ignition system</li> <li>Engine coolant temp. sensor</li> <li>Volume air flow meter (Air intal ECM</li> </ul>	·	F.00 40
26		Air– Fuel Ratio Rich Mal– function	ON	ON	<sup>74</sup> (2) When the engine speed varies by more than15 rpm over the preceding crankshaft position period during a period of 50 seconds during idling with the engine coolant temp. 75°C (167'F) or more.  *6 (2 trip detection logic) (1) and (2)	<ul> <li>Engine ground bolt loose</li> <li>Open in E1 circuit</li> <li>Short in injector circuit</li> <li>Fuel line pressure (Injector . leakage, etc.)</li> <li>Open or short in cold start injector circuit</li> <li>Cold start injector</li> <li>Open or short in heated oxygen sensor circuit</li> <li>Heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>Engine coolant temp. sensor</li> <li>Volume air flow meter</li> <li>Compression pressure</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>		EG2-19

## **DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODES (Cont'd)**

Code No.	Number of blinks Malfunction Indicator Lamp	System		ction cato np			Trouble Area	*2 Memory	See Page
31		Volume Air Flow Meter Signal	ON	ON	At idling, open or short detected continuously for 0.5 sec. or more in volume air flow meter circuit.  Open – VC Short – VC – E2	•	open or short in volume air flow	0	EG2-19
32		Volume Air Flow Meter Signal	ON	ON	Open or short detected continuously for 0.5 sec: or more in volume air flow meter circuit.  Open – E2  short – VS – VC	•	meter circuit Volume air flow meter ECM	0	EG2-19
35		6ARO Sensor Signal (only C&C)	ON	ON	Open or short detected in BARO sensor circuit for 0.5 sec. or more.	•	ECM	0	-
41		Throttle Position Sensor Signal	∗3 ON	ON	Open or short detected in throttle position sensor signal (VTA) for 0.5 sec. or more. IDL contact is ON and VTA output exceeds 1.45 V.	•	Open or short in throttle posi- tionsensor circuit Throttle position sensor ECM	0	EG2-18
42		Vehicle Speed Sensor Signal	ON	OFF	SPD signal is not input to the ECM for at least 8 seconds during high load driving with engine speed between 2,750 rpm and 4,000 rpm.	•	Open or short in vehicle speed sensor circuit Vehicle speed sensor ECM	0	-
43		Starter Signal	N.A	OFF	Starter signal (STA) is not input to ECM even once until engine reaches 800 rpm or more when cranking.	•	Open or short in starter signal circuit Open or short in IG SW or main relay circuit ECM	x	EG2-19
52		Knock Sensor Signal	ON	N.A	With engine speed between 1,600 rpm – 5,200 rpm, signal from knock sensor is not input to ECM for 6 revolution. (KNK)	•	Open or short in knock senso circuit Knock sensor (looseness, etc ECM	0	-
53		Knock Control signal	ON	N.A.	Engine speed is between 650 rpm and 5,200 rpm and engine control module (for knock control) malfunction is detected.	•	ECM	х	-
•5 71		EGR System Mal– function	ON	ON	With the engine coolant temp. at 60°C (140°F) or more, 240 seconds from start of EGR operation.  The EGR gas temp. is less than 55°C (131°F) and the EGR gas temp. has risen less than 20°C (36°C) during the 240 seconds.  *6 (2 trip detection logic)	•	Open in EGR gas temp. sen- sor circuit Open in VSV circuit for EG R EGR vacuum hose discon- nected, valve stuck Clogged in EGR gas passage ECM	0	EG2-251
51		Switch Condition Signal		OFF	Displayed when A/C is ON, IDL contact OFF or shift position in "R", "D", "2", or "L" positions with the DLC1 terminals E1 and TE1 connected	•	A/C switch circuit Throttle position sensor 1 D L cuit Park/Neutral position switch cir Accelerator pedal, cable ECM	i	EG2-188

#### **REMARKS**

the "CHECK" does not light up during malfunction diagnosis, even if a malfunction is detected. "N.A." indicates that the item is not included in malfunction diagnosis.

trouble code is not recorded in the ECM memory even if a malfunction occurs. Accordingly, output of diagnostic results is performed with the IG SW ON

- \*3: The malfunction indicator lamp comes on if malfunction occurs only for California specifications,
- \*4: No. (2) in the diagnostic contents of codes No.25 and 26 apply to California and C&C specification vehicles only, while (1) applies to all models.
- \*5: Code 71 is used only for California specifications and C&C.
- \*6: "2 trip detection logic" (See page EG2-173.)
- \*7: Except for California 2WD.

<sup>\*1: &</sup>quot;ON' displayed in the diagnosis mode column indicates that the malfunction indicator lamp is lighted up when a malfunction is detected. "OFF" indicates that

<sup>\*2: &</sup>quot;O" in the memory column indicates that a diagnostic trouble code is recorded in the ECM memory when a malfunction occurs. "X" indicates that a diagnostic

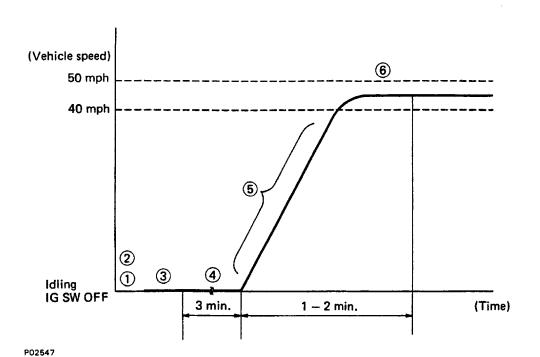
#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE DETECTION DRIVING PATTERN

Purpose of the driving pattern.

- (a) To simulate diagnostic trouble code detecting condition after diagnostic trouble code is recorded.
- (b) To check that the malfunction is corrected when the repair is completed confirming that diagnostic trouble code is no longer detected.

## **DTC 12 Heated Oxygen Sensor Circuit**

Malfunction: Heated Oxygen Sensor Deterioration



- (1) Disconnect the fuse EFI (1 5 A) for 10 sec. or more, with iG switch OFF.
- (2) Initiate test mode (Connect terminal TE2 and E 1 of DLC 1) with IG switch OFF.
- (3) Start the engine and warm the engine up with all ACC switch OFF. .
- (4) After the engine is warmed up, let it idle for 3 min.
- (5)Accelerate gradually and maintain at approximately 1, 500 rpm, or within the 1, 300 to 1,700 rpm range. Turn the A/C on, and drive in "D" for AIT, or in case of M/T, upshift appropriately shift carefully so that the engine speed would not fall below 1,200 rpm. depress the accelerator pedal gradually and maintain a steady speed to avoid engine braking.
- (6) Maintain the vehicle speed at 40 50 mph.

Keep the vehicle running for 1 - 2 min. after starting acceleration.

HINT: If a malfunction is detected the malfunction indication lamp will light up during step(6).

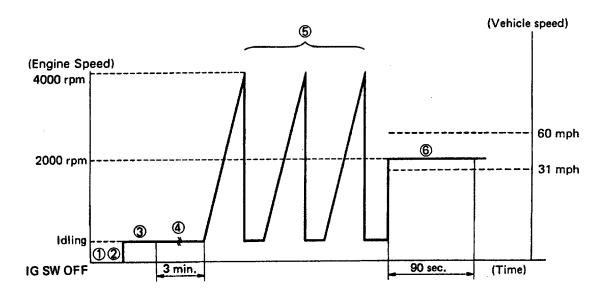
#### **DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE DETECTION DRIVING PATTERN (Cont'd)**

Purpose of the driving pattern.

- (a) To simulate diagnostic trouble code detecting condition after diagnostic trouble code is recorded.
- (b) To check that the malfunction is corrected when the repair is completed confirming that diagnostic trouble code is no longer detected.



Malfunction: Open or Short in Heated Oxygen Sensor.



- P02491
- (1) Disconnect the fuse EEI (1 5 A) for 10 sec. or more, with iG switch OFF.
- (2) Initiate test mode (Connect terminal TE2 and E1 of DLC 1) with IG switch OFF.
- (3) Start the engine and warm the engine up, with all ACC switch OFF.
- (4) After the engine is warmed up, !et it idle for 3 min.
- (5) After perform idling in @, perform sudden racing to 4,000 rpm three times.
- (6) After perform sudden racing in @, perform driving at 31 60 mph (Engine speed 2,000 rpm) for 90 sec.

HINT: If a malfunction is detected the malfunction indication lamp will light up during step (6)

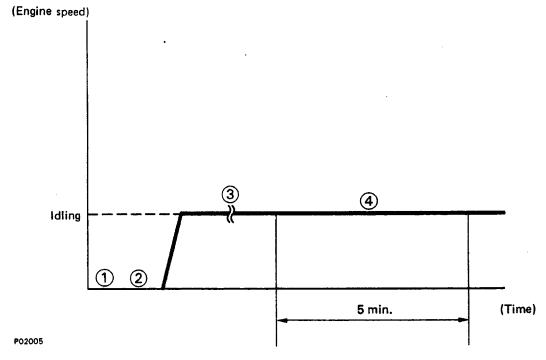
### **DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE DETECTION DRIVING PATTERN (Cont'd)**

Purpose of the driving pattern.

- (a) To simulate diagnostic trouble code detecting condition after diagnostic trouble code is recorded.
- (b) To check that the malfunction is corrected when the repair is completed confirming that diagnostic trouble code is no longer detected.

DTC	25	Air-Fuel Ratio Lean Malfunction(CALIFORNIA,C&C	
סוכ	26	Air-Fuel Ratio Rich Malfunction(CALIFORNIA,C&C)	

Malfunction: Open or Short in Injector Leak, Blockage



HINT: When start this test, engine coolant temp. is  $40^{\circ}C$  ( $104^{\circ}F$ ) or less.

Before this test, check the feedback voltage for heated oxygen sensor.

- (1) Disconnect the fuse EFI (15 A) for 10 sec. or more, with IG switch OFF.
- (2) Initiate test mode (Connect terminal TE2 and Ell of DLC 1) with IG switch OFF.
- (3) Start the engine and warm the engine up, with all ACC switch OFF.
- (4) After the engine is warmed up, let it idle for 5 min.

HINT: If a malfunction is detected the malfunction indicator lamp will light up during step(4).

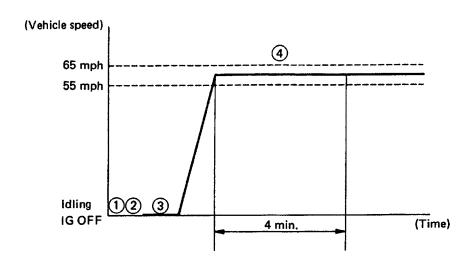
### **DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE DETECTION DRIVING PATTERN (Cont'd)**

Purpose of the driving pattern.

- (a) To simulate diagnostic trouble code detecting condition after diagnostic trouble code is recorded.
- (b) To check that the malfunction is corrected when the repair is completed confirming that diagnostic trouble code is no longer detected.



Malfunction: Short in VSV Circuit for EGR, Loose EGR Hose- Valve Stuck



P02545

HINT: When start this test, engine coolant temp. is 40°C (104°F) or less.

- (1) Disconnect the fuse EFI (15 A) for 10 sec. or more, with IG switch OFF.
- (2) Initiate test mode (Connect terminal TE2 and E 1 of DLC 1) with IG switch OFF.
- (3) Start the engine and warm the engine up with all ACC switch OFF.
- (4) With the transmission in 4th gear ("D" position and OLD ON for A/T), drive 55 65 mph for 4 min.

HINT: 1f a malfunction is detected the malfunction indication lamp will light up during step (4).

EG1GF-03

#### DIAGNOSIS CIRCUIT INSPECTION

